THE

SOVLDIERS GRAMMAR:

Containing,
The High, Necessarie, and most
Curious Rules of the Art Militarie:

As first,

Whether it be in Great Motions in Generall? Or Foote

Or Motions of Horfe, Generall, or Specialle

The Ranges of Foote, or Horfe?

The Ranges of Officers.

The Severall Imbartailings of Foote, and Horfe.

The Imbattailing of a Regiment.

The loyning of many Regiments.

Or the Forming of Maine Bastailes, of any extent, or Number; With their Formes, and Figures, in lively

Demonstration. &c.

By G. M. Gent.



SOVIDIERS GRAMMAR

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SOVLDI

GRAMMAR.

CHAP. I.

Of Great Motions in generall.



Auing in a former short Difcourfe, or fmall Booke, Inti- Moriues to the tuled, The Soldiers Accidence, Worke. being an Introduction of first Guide into the Art Mylitary) flewed all those first Precepts and Rules which necessarily belong to the

knowledge of every young Soldier, fo farre forth as concernes the Manage and government of his owne particular person; As also those foure principall Grounds, from whence all the rest of

this famous Art taketh its derivation and per-

fection, that is to fay.

First, the Carriage and vie of Armes, conteyned in divers Possures or Stations, expressing the Forme, Combinesse and Readinesse of Men in Armes.

Secondly, Diffance or Seperation of place, whereby Battayles are formed, changed, and proportioned, according to the will and pleasure of

the principall Commanders.

Thirdly, March and Motion, which proceeding from certaine peculiar words of Command, and generall direction, the Soldier applieth himfelfe to performe every command in the fullnesse of perfection.

And Fourthly and lastly, the knowledge of the Beatings of the Drambe, by which the Soldier taketh notice of enery Command, when the sound of Mans voice is drowned or obscured.

It now seemeth good vnto me (and I hope it will yeeld a generall profite to the whole Kingdome) to fixe vnto the aforefayd Accidente a Grammar or Introductio into more higher, need fary and more subtile and curious Rules of the Art Aglitary, whereby the younger Schollers may be enabled to proceed and goe forward in the greater and more hidden secrets of the Arte, and the eltier or better experienced Men of Warre, may eyther finde Solutions for such doubtes as shall incumber them; Or else matter whereon to worke, and make their owne more singular Inventions and Applications more whole-

wholesome for the common vse, and more pleasing to their owne Studies and Labours.

The first thing therefore which I hold most necessary to Intreate of in this Grammar, is of Great Motions in generall, Because according to the Opinion of the Auncients, These Military Motions are the Life of an Armie, and only give meanes of Victorie, and without which, all preparation of Forces are vaine, and quaiteth mothing in the Field, me to the end for which they were Leviad. Since then, Motion is of this inestimable reputation, the labor cannot be misimployed, which bringeth any luster on explanation vnto the same.

Of the Smaller Motions, I have spoken somewhat already in the Accidence; As of Fileing, Reaching, Returning to the first Possure, Countermarching, Doubling, and such like, so far foorth as they appertay ne to every single Person, or to the parts and members of a private Companie, which we call Squadrons or Camerados. But now I am to intreat of the Greater Motions, which belong to Regiments, Battalias, and the whole Bodie of an Atmie: Neyther in the discourse of these things, are you to expect much alteration of wordes, or sence, but only the application of them vnto the Greater and more infinite Bodies, from whence they take the denomination of the Greater Motions.

The Gresians (as Elian and his Schollars) doe Motions red reckon vp nineteene seuerall Great Motions, to in the olde which they give especial Names and Titles.

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The First, they call Clifes, which is a Turning to

The Second, Metabole, which we call Tur-

ning about.

The Third, Perispasmes, which we call Whee-

ling about.

The Fourth, Epistrophe, which we call a Wheeling, eyther to the one, or the other Hand, but not entire, or about.

The Fifth, Anastrophe, which we call a Returning of the Wheele vnto the First Posture or Station where it stood before it was mooued, or

Wheeled to eyther Hand.

The Sixth, Esperispasmos, which we call a treble, or threefold Wheeling, carrying the Battalia three parts about, but not wholy and entire.

The Seuenth, Plagiophalanx, or the Broade Fronted Phalange, which we call the Broad Fronted Bastalia, which hath the Length much excee-

ding the Depth.

The Eight, Orthiophalanx, which we call the Deepe Battalia, or Herfe Battayle, which is a Battayle drawne ont in Wing, and having the Depth

much exceeding the Length.

The Ninth, Phalange Loxe, which we call an Vneuen Fronted Battalia, because one of the Winges (which is thought fittest) is ever drawne forth before the other, and as a Forlorne beginneth the Fight against the Enemy, till opportunity serve that the whole Battayle may I oyne with greater advantage and assure and assure that the whole beginning that the whole Battayle may I oyne with greater advantage and assure that the whole beginning the whole beginning that the whole beginning the whole bear the whole beginning the whole beginning the whole beginning th

The Tenth, Parembole, which we call Infertion,

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being a Drawing vp of the Souldiers before, then taking off the Hindermoft, we Rankethem within the distances of the First.

The Eleventh, Protaxis, which we call Fore-Fronting, as when we place eyther the Light-Armed or other Loosse Shotte before the Front of the Battayle, and make them Fore-standers or beginners of the Skyrmish.

The Twelfth, Epitaxis, which we call an After placing or Attending on the Reare, so that if the Enemie shall Charge behind, yet are the Light-Armed in readinesse, and prepared to give their Velleys, being placed so behind the Reare (as the other before the Front) for a singular helpe and

aroyance. to horosquo ora

The Thirteenth, Proflamis, which we call a Ioyning of Bodies together, by adding to eyther of the Flankes, or to both entirely, any new Supply of Men, eyther from the Reare of the same Battalia, or otherwise, from any other remodued Bodie or Regiment, whereby the Front of the Battayle is increased.

The Fourteenth, Entaxis, which we call Infitim, or Inferting, as when we draw the Light-Armed, or Loose vnguarded Shotte, within the spaces of the Fyles and Rankes of the Armed Battalia, soas they may be free from danger, and yet notwithstanding, euer readie to deliver their Vollies in the face of the Enemies, be they Foote or Horse, as they shall give their aproaches.

The Fifteenth, Hypotaxis, which we call Dou-Me Winging, as when we draw the Light-Armed 11

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or Loofe Shott, only within the Armed Winges of the Battalia, and not into the Entire Bodie, and placing them in such an Embowed forme, that the whole forme or figure thereof may resemble a threefold Gate or Doote.

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The fixteenth, we call an Industion, or a Right Industion, as when one Bodie or Battalia of one and the same kinde, in forme and proportion, followeth one another, and so the March or Motion stretcheth out it selfe into the manner or forme of a Wing, having the Depth much exceeding the Length; And this kind of Battayle or Right Industion, may consist eyther of a Single Bodie, as when but one Enemie is seared, or of a Double Bodie, as when two are expected, or of a Treble, when three are on foote, or of a Quadruple, when the Enemie purposeth to give on all sides.

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The Seauenteenth, Paragoge, which we call Deduction, is when a Battalia mooueth in a Wing, not by File, but by Ranke, having the File-leaders on the Right hand, which is called a Right Deduction, or on the Left Hand, which is called a Left Hand Deduction; And this Bodie or Battalia also Marcheth (as the former) eyther in a Single, Double, Treble, or Quadruple Devision, according to the feare they apprehend of the Enemie, and the advantage of the place & ground, upon which they march and moove.

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The Eighteenth, Amphistomas, which we call the Two Fronted Battayle, and looketh vponthe Enemy two scuerall wayes, that is to say, by an euen and lust Deuision, in the midst of an equal

conucr-

conversion of the two parts; The Middle-men or Halfeifyle men are turned back to back, and thofe in the Front and Rearc make two equall Fronts. and brauely Aduance against the Enemic, and this kinde of Motion is excellent against Horse.

The Nineteenth, Antifomus, which wee also calla Two Fronted Battayle, and differeth only from the former but in this, that as the Two Fronted Battayle Amphiftomus is Fronted by the Front and the Reare, fo this Two Fronted Battayle Antiformus, is Fronted by the two Flanks, the Right flanke, and the Left, and the Motion hath the like vie and perfection which the former hath; being generally applyed for the Encounter of Horle.

Divers other perticular Motions they have, both for Armies and Battalias, as that which they Divers other call Diphalange Peristomus, Diphalange Homoiofto- Motions. mus, Diphalange Heteroftomus, the Rhombe, the Heteremekes, the Epicampios Emprofthia, the Carte, the Tetragonall, Plafium, and divers others, of which I shall have occasion to write hereafter: For this present, and for the generallity of Motion, these already shewed and expounded are sufficient; Of all which, you shall in the ensuing Chapters (as particulars shall arise) receive both full Demonstrations and Examples, whereby the dullest vinderstanding shall be enabled to coneciue, and carry away those Mysteries of Artand-Science, which hetherto have layne hidden and obscured; Nor have I any intention in this The Authors Worke, fo to tye and conforme my felfe to the Plaineneffe Auncients,

IO

Auncients, eyther Gretians, or Romans, that there, by (knitting my selfe to their Words and Phrases) I might bring a cloude of darkenesse ouer my Labours, which I have only dedicated to Trueth and Plainenesse: But I doe freely intend to set downe every thing, in those plaine, moderne, and vsuall formes of Direction, as may be availeable for the simplest capacity, and profitable for all those that have bound themselves Prentises to this Noble Art, and glorious Advancement,

CHAP. 2.

France by the two Hanks, th

Of the Particular Motions belonging to the Foote onely.

In what, Mo-

whatfoeuer, belonging to a Foote Company (as I have touched before in my Accidence) must of necessity, be eyther

in Distance, or Forme; & eyther of these must be, eyther in Fyles or Rankes, seuerally, and of them-

selues, or else iountly, both together.

of Diffances. Of Fyles and Rankes, what they are, what their extents ought to be, what effects, vertues, and vies are wrought by them, I have sufficiently shewed in my Accidence: Only, because there is a little difference betwixt vs and the Auncients, and betwixt the Schollers of these Moderne times, and

the Schollers of the Elder World, I will as necre

ALL CICNIS

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as I can, reconcile them, or at least, bring them to

hake hands, and agree together.

The first Receivers of Millitarie Discipline (and those which are at this day their Schollers, and profest Imitators) would have a File to confist of Sixeteene Men in depth, successively one after an other: Others would have it confift of Eight; And others (which are our latest and best appro-

ned) would have them confift of Ten.

The reason why the first would have it confist The Ancient of fixteene, is because it is an euen and proporti- and the Moonable number, which may bee doubled to the reconcil'd. last man; as from fixteene to eight, from eight to foure, from foure to two, from two to one; and so backe againe reduced to the first forme or Station. This I confesse beares a faire show of much probability, and was doubtleffe in the first Age, of fingular vse and benefit, both for the forming and proportioning of Battailes; as also for the readinesse of Marching, and the mixing orioyning of many Groffes, or great Bodies, in one square, Round or Triangular fashion. But it is to be vinderflood, that in thefe former dayes, there was no vie or knowledge of Shot, because theinuention of Fire lay then vnknowne; their Darts, Slings, Croffe-bowes, Long-bowes, and thelike, which passed under the Light-armed, held then no method or prescript forme in giving their Volleis, but delinered them one open anothers head, without danger : fo that the decper the File was, the greater the Volley was, and the Enemy the more indangered; befides

the drawing and nocking of the Arrow, the Lading of the Sling, the bending of the Croffebow, and the charging of the Dart, are Motions fo foddaine, so quicke, and so secure, that there is no necessity of alteration of place; for in as much as not any of these Volleis are deliuered vpon the Leuell, but vpon necessity on the Mounture; therefore the forestanders, or leaders of Files, and their followers are not indangered by the Reare: so that in this case, the deeper the File is, the more hands are brought to fight, and the victory the sooner obtained.

But with vs now in these moderne and latter times, wherein the Inucntion of Short and Powder is founde out; and the danger, Sodainnesse. and Violence of the Fire is knowne: in fo much that it is ever delivered in Levell, feldome or neuer at Random: (for that is vieleffe and to no conftant purpose) In this case there is great respect to be had to the alteration and change of place, for (as I have fayd before) to deliver Shott one behinde another (and that also in Leuell) is for the hindmost to Kill the formost, if they Shoot in Leuell (as they ought) or otherwife Shooting at Randome, to spende their Bulletts to no purpose and leave the Enemie vnauoided . Therefore in this true and certayne Discipline, Fier is onlye to be given in the Front, and so by succession of Ranks, one Volley after another, every hand is in his due time and place brought to Fight, and the Volley hath no intermission or respeit.

Now it is to bee confidered in what space of

time

time a man may Charge and Discharge his Peece mouing from the Front to the Reare, and so Affending vp to the Front againe; and it is found by the experience of all well Iudging Souldiers, that the depth of Tenn men is the absolute best Number. For the first man Discharging in the Front, in the space that nine more shall come and doe the like: The first shall make his place good againe, & so continue the Volley ad infinitum. Now there are some which strongly hold opinion, that Eight indepth of File shall doe as much as ten, and with as litle Difficultie make readie and Present; which no question, may be possible, in expert, old, and readie Soldiers and so a competent and sufficient File; But in raw, I gnorant, and half exercised men it cannot be fo, Neither can it be hoped that dutieshall so sudainly be performed. And if there beloffe of dutie in one man, there will be loffe of duty in more, and so the Volley will be weakned &the Battalia put in danger; To add a man and make the File nine, is no good Extent, because that odd Number comming to be doubled, there will beaweaknesse either in the Front, or in the Reare; And that wekenesse may overthrow the whole Battalia; So that for a conclusion of this point, I cannot but difallowe Sixteene in File as being to great a Number, in which no leffe then Six men are lost in every File fo oft as they shall Sallievp or make their aproaches, eight I feare is two men to litle, the Skill and Dexteritie of the Souldiers being doubtfull; and Nine, for the odds may notbe admitted, So that it refferh that Tenn men

in File is the olde cettaine, and alowable Number . I doe not denie but that in Exercising of the Souldiers, the Number Eight is very alowable and will bring them to a great quickneffe and readinesse, but when they shall be brought to. to fight, and mixe with other Regiments; Then you are to observe the generall forme of the Armie, and what Extent of File the whole Armie Marcheth in, the same Number and Proportion you shallkeepe in your privat Companie. Which questionlesse at this day is the Number Tenn, and no other: both for the fittneffe of the Number in Discharging Dutie, as also in that by the Number Tenn, Euery Hundred Men make a perfect Square, and fo are the soonest and with the least trouble drawne into any Forme of Battaile that the principall Commander can desire.

The ground of all Motions.

Thus I have shewed you the trne Extent of a File, and the Impediments which hang vpon the alteration of Opinions; wherein you are to vnderfland that in all Millitarie Motions there must be cuera certaine and Infallible grounde whereon to Builde the greater workes; For where euerie thing is vocertaine there all things must needes be Confused, Now in the Arttof Warr, Rankes are vncertaine, and doe confifte of Numbers accordingeto pleasure? Companies are Imperfect, Occationed by imployment, Sicknesse, Death, or. other Diffasters: Regiments are more or lesse according to the goodnesse, or badnesse of the Officers, only the File is certaine and without Alteration, So that from that Ground, eueric good. and

and great Commander (vpon the first view) can tell howe to shape and proportion any Battaile whatsoeuer.

This being then the concluding Maxime tou. The drawing ching the true Extent, and Quantitie of a File, of Groffes inwhich is the Grounde or Foundation where voon all great Battailes are Built. We will now proceede to the severall Motions belonging to the Foote Companies, of which the first and Principall, is the drawing of Rude, and Indigefted Groffes, into a faire, orderlie, and well proportioned Bodie; and this must not in anie wife be done by Rankinge, and Drawinge forthe of Rankes, for that is rude, and vn-fouldier like, because Ranks have no certainty, nor hold any constant Number: So that no man taking a rude heape of confused men (which number he knoweth not) can tell how many Rankes they will containe, and keepe the Files certaine: therefore to put these men in Order, it must be done by Filing, and not Ranking; every File of one and the ame Weapon, being drawne out File after File. and then ioyned and formed into one groffe Body, according to the pleasure of the Commander. And in this drawing vp of Bodies, is to bee confidered the composition, or parts, whereof enery File must consist; that is to fay, the principall and first man of euery File, is called the Leader, or Captaine of the File, hee leadeth; then followeth him three of Inferiour degree; the first man is called the midde man to the Reare, or a Leader of halfe files

to

to the Reare; the fixth man is called the middle-man to the Front, or leader of the halfe file to the Front; then after them, three other inferiour followers; and lastly, the Reare, or Bringer vp: So that every File consisteth of foure men of eminence and desert, as the Leader, the Bringer vp, the Middle-man to the Front, and the Middle-man to the Reare, and sixe inferiour followers or attendants, as by this example you shall see more plainely.

Of fingle

Single Files.	Files in a Body.
The Leader, o	. Front.
	000000
Middle-man to the Reare. Middle-man to the Front.	111111
	111111
Primarani P	111111
Bringer vp.	000000
	000000
	111111
	IIIIII
1	111111
1	000000
	Rearc.

The next Motion after the drawing vp of con-of closing fused Numbers into an vniforme, is the closing and opening, and opening of Fyles or Rankes, or both Fyles and Rankes at one instant; And in this Motion, is to be observed, true Distance, or seperation of Place, according to the will of the Commander, because it is a Motion that only consistent in distance.

The next, is a Motion in Forme, and that also consistent of Fyles or Rankes severally, or of both Fyles and Rankes ioyntly, in one instant; And this is doubling of Fyles, or Rankes: If doubling of Fyles; it is according to this example.

Fyles vadonbled.

saildaob ti

Fyles dubled to the Right Hand,

cilemitian omo Acceleurally, or of berth I 0 0 oldings are com 0 Reare.

These Fyles being eight in Number, are doubled to the Right Hand, the outermost or corner of performing Man of the Right Hand standing still, and making the Motton. good both his owne Place, and all the rest of his Fyle, and the next Man on his Left Hand passing behind him, and so successively the wholesecond Fyle paffing (as the first) behind the first Fyle, the fourth Fyle behind the third Fyle, the fixth behind the fifth, & the eight behind the seuenth;

and

and so they stand doubled, as in the Example before shewed; where eight Fyles are brought into foure, and the depth of ten brought into the depth oftwentie: And in this doubling, is to be obserned, by those which remooue and passe behind theather, that if it be to the Right Hand, then he kfirst to come about round with his Left Footes then step forward with his Right Foote behind his Leader that must be, and then bring on his Left Foote, and place his Body even; fo that by thefe three Motions, the action shall be performed in perfection: And thus as you double Fyles to the Right Hand, fo you may also double them to the Left Haud, vfing eueric Motion in a contrary manner; that is to fay, where the Right hand Man did before stand firme, and the Left hand Man did moue; now the Left hand Man must stand firme, and the Right hand Man must remoue; and asbefore, the Left foote did first come about, so now the Right foote must, and when they shall be reduced back againe to their first Place or Station, then it is to be observed, that they must in three Stepps or Motions, recouer their former Places, removing first the Left foote, if the double were to the Right hand, and the Right foote, if the double were made to the Left hand.

The next Motion, being also a Motion in Advancing of Forme, is the advancing of Fyles, whith is also a doubling though after another manner: For in this advancing of Fyles(if it be to the Right hand) then the Right hand File fandeth still, and the Leader of the next file vnto its doth advance be-

to enhandy

fore the Right hand file, and his whole file following him in true order and distance, they all
advance, till the Bringer vp, or Reate Man, stand
inst before the Leader of the Right hand file,
which standeth still, and moueth not; then the
fourth file advanceth before the third, the sixth
before the fifth, and the eight before the seauenth,
and so forth, till every other file have advanced
in the whole Battalia: And in like manner, if the
Advancement be made to the Lest hand, then
those which stood still, when the Advancement
was to the Right hand shall move, and they
which did move shall now stand still, as by these
Examples doth more plainely apeare.

Reducing the

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1	I	T	I	to the Marris
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Thus you fee how Fyles are to be Aduanced, either to the Right hand, or to the Left, wherein is to be observed; that howsoever I speake of files to be advanced distinctly, one after another, yethe Motion is to be donentirely, of one moung file at one instant: And thus, if you please, you may Advance so of, that you may bring a whole

to their first forme.

Reducing the whole Battalia into one fingle file. Now for reducing them into their first forme or body againe, the Word (As you were) being given, every mouing file that did Aduance, shall turne Faces about, and so march back to their first places; and as thus, you advance eyther to the Right or Left hand at one instant; So you may also at one instant advance both to the Right and Left hand by devision, making the second file advance beforethe first, the fourth before the third, the fe. uenth before the eight, the fyfth before the fixth: And as thus in advancing, fo also in doubling of files, as you double to the Right or Left hand : fo you may double to both the Right and Left hand at one instant by deuision, the second file passing behind the first, the fourth behind the third then the fenenth behind the eight, and the fifth behind the fixth.

Now here by the way there may a scruple arife, that for as much as numbers may vary, and that all bodies hold not one even or just content or Number; that then in case there be an odd file, how then shall the bodie be doubled? To this I answere, that if you happen to have an oddefile, then looke to what hand you double vnto, then the ourmost file to the contrary hand shall stand and keepe his place firme, without doubling at all; as if you double to the Right hand, then the Left hand file stands fast and vadoubled, or it you double to the Left hand, then the Right hand file stands fast and vndoubled, as by these exam-

ples plainely apeareth.

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The odde Battalia Vndoubled.	The odde Battalia Doubled.					10
The Front.	The Front.					
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Thus you fee how the odde Fyle standeth, and is still preserved in every Motion, being still kept in its order, both by the Leader and the Sideman; and when so ever the Bodie is reduced into its sirst forme or Station, then is it full and persit, as any other sile what so ever.

D3

The

Of Counter-

The next necessary Motió vnto the doublings, and advancing of files, is the Countermarching of files, which is also another Motion in forme: And of Countermarching, there are divers kindes; as first, the ordinary Countermarch. which is daily vsed amongst vs, when so euer we march of turne the bodie of the Battalea too or fro; and this Countermarch, is called of some, The Persian Countermarch, because it was first in vie amongst them; others call it the Cretan, as taken from the Immitation of those Souldiers; & others call it the Choraan, from Choras, which fignifieth a Companie, of which Companie, there were certaine Dancers, who in a Warlike Dance were the first beginners of this Motion: This Motion is performed of the whole Battalia all at one instant; the Leaders of the Fyles (vpon the word given, to which hand they shall Countermarch) beginning the motion, as thus, If the Word be given to Countermarch to the Right hand, then shall the Leaders of the Fyles, at one instant steppe one steppe forward with the Right foote, then bringing the Left foote and the Bodie round about to the Right hand, and so march downe through the distance betweene the Fyles, till they come to the Reare, where the Bringerup flood, and therethey shall make a Stand, And in this Motion, every Leader shall observe his Right hand Man, that they may keepe their Front whole and vadismembred, because the least disorder in this Motion, is the overthrow & difgrace of the whole Bodie; and as thefe Leaders

ders begin and conduct in this orderly manner; fo shall all the rest of every File, observing true Place and Distance, follow with as great care and severity, every Man observing his Leader and his Right hand Man, and that by no meanes they offer to turne, till they have made good the first place, where the Fyle Leaders didturne, and so keeping their Rankes even and just, the Motion will be exceeding comely, as by this Example apeareth.

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Now as they doe thus Countermarch to the Regre, fo they may if the Commander pleafe, countermarch backe to the Front againg without intermission, and so as oft and as farreas the Commander pleaseth. Now in this Countermarch, it would bee observed, that the Files should ever be well opened; as at the open Order of fixe foote at the leaft; as for the Ranks they may be either at Order, or elefe Order, vnleffe they confift of Shos, and then they may not march straighter then the Order of three foot; because otherwise it will incumber them, and take from them the vie of their Weapons; and as thus the Countermarch is made to the right or left Hand entirely; fo it may bee made both to the right and left Hand by division, as hath beene flewed before in other motions. And this Countermarch is of Angular vie, for it chargeth the Enemy standing, it chargeth him Marching, and it chargeth him retyring; befides it bringeth every hand to fight and fuffereth none to loofe duty.

The Lacedetermarch.

The next Countermarch is that which is calmonian coun-led the Lacedemonians Countermarch, as being first received from their example, and it is of fingular vie in charging of the enemic, in making of approaches, and in gaining of ground of advantage; and though at first the Ancients found it out for their light Armed, which were their Slings, Darts, Crosse-bowes, and Longbowes. Yet now with vs it is found of most excellent vse for our Shot, and not vnnecessary

for the Pikes, and other short Weapons for execution, because it bringeth forward every hand in the Charge, and suffereth none to loose duty, neither doe they at any time stand or slacke in their Charge, but still advance and goe forward, till they have attained the ende of their pur-

pole.

The manner of this Nation is thus, the first Ranke or Leaders of the Files of Shot, doe prefent and give fire, then fland; and the fecond Ranke passing either to the right or left Hand (according to commandement) advance before the first Ranke, covering them both in order and distance; then the third Ranke advanceth and couereth the second; the fourth, the thirds and fo foorth in an orderly charge, till the Bringer vp or Reare be brought and made the Front; and so as occasion shall serve to continue still, till the ende of Commandment. Now for the Pikes or short Weapons, they shall not need to advance one Ranke before another, but shall keepe their constant March (with their Pykes aduanced, ported, or shouldered) euen fill with the first Ranke of Shot, till they come to encounter and charge the Enemy, and then at pleasure, and as occasion shall serve, they may couer one another, and bring every feuerall hand to the pushe, till the last be first, and the first last, as by this Example doth plainely appeare:

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The Battalia before the Conntermarch. best vers bisetol angend comatic

with inclosed The Front. putter doubles at any time fland or Broke in

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The Countermarch performed

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Tions (NW)

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There be others which would have this Lacedemonian Countermarch in an other maner, which is for the first Ranke to Face to the Reare, then the second Ranke, and so all the rest of the Body, to march vp and turne behinde their Leaders , but they are mistaken, and conceive not rightly of the Author from whence they take their Instruction: for this Motion rather looseth then gayneth ground, and feemeth rather to retyre, then charge; But I leave the reconcilement of the doubt to those of better Judgement.

The next Motion is called the Macedonian The Macedo-Conntermarch, but from what ground, it is not march, yet discussed. As for the manner of the Motion. it is in this wife; The File-leaders all turne about their Faces, and all the rest with the Bring. ers vp, goe against them on the right or left hand, and patting on to the Ground before the Front of the Battalia, place themselves in order one after another, according as the File-leaders have turned their Faces, making a shew vnto the Enemy as if they were retyring, or running away; which inticing the enemy to purfue, is of most fingular vie to make him leave and forfake any place or ground of aduaptage. Others take this Motion to bee the Macedonian Countermarch, when the File-leader turneth about his face, and the rest passing by him on the right or left Hand, place themselves orderly, one behinde another. And here is to be noted, that all these Countermarches already spoken of, may

as well be done by Ranks, as by Fyles, and both to the right or left hand entirely, or to both by deuision, or both by Conversion; as in the former Examples.

Doubling of

The next Motion, is the doubling of Rankes either to the Right or Left Hand intirely, as when the fecond Ranke marcheth into the first, the fourth into the third, the fixt into the fift, and the eight into the feventh; and this Motion must be done very orderly, beginning with the left foote, and at three steps making perfect the doubling; then when they are to be reduced to their first Forme againe, to observe that if they doubled to the right Hand, then they must turne on the left hand, to come to their first places againe, and fo contrary to the other, as occasion shall serue; or this Motion may be done to both hands by Deuision, or to both hands by Conuerfion, and to either Open Order, Order, or Clofe order : according to these examples.

Rankes undoubled.

The Front.

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5.	00000000	5
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The Reare.

Rankes Doubled

The Front.

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- 7 8 10:0101010101010 7 8 The Reste.

Thus you see Rankes doubled and vndoubled, now there is another manner of doubling of Rankes, and that is by the Middlemen, or halfe Files, when they Advancing and leading vp their halfe Files brings the fift Ranke on which hand they are commanded (being Middlemen to the Front) into the first Ranke, the fixt into the second, the seventh into the third, and the eight into the sourth, which are Middlemen vnto the Reare: as you may see in this example.

Halfe Files undonbled ..

The Front

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- 6. 11111111
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Halfe Eiles Doubled.

The Front.

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The Rearc.

Halfe Files as they were,

Now to reduce, or bring these into their first place or forme, the halfe Fyles which did ascend, shall turne their Faces about, and following the Reare, or Bringer vp, enery Man shall descend, and come into his first place, as he was before.

Bringers vp, Doubling.

There is also yet another manner of Doubling of Rankes; and that is, when the Reare, or Bringers vp, which is the last Ranke, advanceth into the first, then the seventh Ranke following them, commeth into the second, the fixth into the third, and the fifth (which are Middle men to the Front) into the fourth (which are Middle men vnto the Reare,) and so the Battalia standeth like vnto the last forme, or Example; only the Figures which signific the Rankes doe vary, and are now,

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And when this Bodie shall againe be reduced Bringers vp. nto his first place, then shall the Bringers vp. or As they were. Reare, with their halfe files, turne their Faces about, and the Ranke 3 shall fall behinde the Ranke & the Ranke o behind 5 the ranke 7 behind 6 and the ranke 8 (being the Reare, or Bringrs vp) behind the ranke 7 and fo eugry Man

sin his first place againe.

The next motion vato thefe, is Wheeling, or of Wheeling. Turning the whole Bodie of the Battalia, to one. or the other Hand, or entitely round about, or otherwise by Deution, to Wheele it to both Hands at once, eyther in part, or else Round a bout; the generall manner of the Motion is thus; Fift close your Files to the Right hand, and your Rankes to the Swords poynt; then make the Corner file Leader to the Right hand fland faft. mothen all the whole Bodie of the Battalia to mooue or Wheele about him, as about a Center, eyther halfe about, or three parts about, or elfe wholy and fully round about: Now to reduce it to the first Potture or Station, you shall command every Man to turne his Face to the Left hand, then Wheele the Bodie back againe, till it come to its first Place, and then open the Rankes dawneward, and the Fyles eyther to one, or the other Hand, at pleasure: As thus you Wheele the whole Body to the one, or the other Hand, or entirely round about, fo you may wheele it to both Handes at once, by Deuision, eyther in part, or round about, according to pleasure; And this sof fingular Vie, when the Horse shall come to Charge

Chargethe Foote; for by this Wheele, you shall cover your Shotte safe, and leave your Pikes outmost, to receive the Charge: Now this Wheele is to be made after an other manner; for where before, eyther the corner Man of the Right hand sile, or the Corner Man of the Left hand sile, was to stand fast and firme, now all shall move, and onely the Middle Man in the Reare, to the right Flanke, and the middle Man in the Reare, to the Left Flanke, shall stand fast, and vnmoved, and all the rest of the two Devided Bodies shall move about them, according to these Examples following:

The Battalia V nwheeled.

Front.

The Battalia Wheeling.

The Front.



The Reare.

The Battalia balfe Wheeled.

The Front of the F

The Battalia Wheeled round about.

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Thus you have seene the manner of Wheeling, with the seuerall Motions, and Vses thereof.

The next Motion, wherero foore Companies ought to be applyed, is the Caffing off of files, or, Caffing of as some call it, the Giuing of Fire, by Flanke, or in the Flanke; and this motion of casting of Files. is done divers waies; as first, in Flanke, then in Wing, and lastly, before the Front : If you cast off files in flanke to the Right hand, then the right hand file (being readie to give fire) flandeth ftill. till the Bodie of the Battalia be marcht fo far forward, that the Reare, or Bringers vp, become even with the Leader of the right hand file; then that file fo standing, and prepared, giveth firealtogether; then presently march vp betwene the outmost file of Pikes, on the right hand, and the inmost file of Shotte; then the second file of Shorte, as the first, doth stand still, till the Bodie be marched by, and then give their Volley, and then march vp as they first did, betweene the outmost file of Pikes, and the inmost file of Shotte, as aforesaide; And thus successively, every file of Shotte giueth their Volley, that are conteyned in that right Wing, which done, wheele the whole Bodie about, and bring the Left Wing, to doe as much as the Right Wing, and fo Wing after Wing, according to pleasure, And this manner of casting of Files in Flanke, is of excellent vie for the beating of Paces in Woods, or Bogges; alfo, for the mayntaining of straight and narrow Waies, for defence of Bridges, and the like; and that you may have a better vnderstanding there-

in behold the figures following.

Files cast off in Flanketo the Right Hand.

o estally of silling suide, or The Front.

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Here you see the File 1. standeth still, and hauing given their Volley, are to retreat betweene the File 4. and the file 3. then the file 2. standeth still and having given their Volley, retreat betweene the file 4. and the file 1. then the file 3. standeth still, and having given their Volley, retreate betweene the file 4. and the file 2. and then the whole wing is as it was at the first, 1.2.3 now as thus you may cast off the files to both Hands, making the file 10. to fland, and the Volley given to retreate betweene the file s. and the file 7. then the file 9. to fland, and the Volley given to retreate betweene the file 7. and the file 10. then the file 8. to fland, and the volley giuen, to retreat betweene the file 7. and the file o. So then the body is brought againe to his first forme, 8. 9. 10.

Now for the casting of Files in Wing, you must draw foorth the File 1. on the right hand. and the file 10. on the left hand in the manner of Wings, and having given their Volley, shall fland still till the reare bee advanced, and then the file I. shall retreat betweene the file 4, and the file s. and the file to, shall retreat between the file 7. and the file 8. as in the former example, and so the rest of the files one after another. this example appeareth.

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Files caft off in Wings.

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The Reare.

Laftly, there are Files cast off before the Frent of the Bassalia, after this manner.

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The Front

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The Reare.

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Here as you fee the file 1.to the right Hand is drawne before the Front, who as foone as they have given fire, shall turne their faces to the right hand, and following the Bringer up, shall make retreate betweene the files 4 and 3. and there couer themselves till they have made ready againe. Then shalbe drawn forth before the Front, the file 10 to the left Hand, who after they have given fire, shall turne faces to the left Hand, and retreat betweene the files 8, and 7. then shall bee drawne out the fle 2. to the right Hand, which having given fire, turne faces sbefore to the right Hand, and then retreate betweene the files 4 and 1. Likewise in the fame manner the file o is drawne out to the left Hand, and having given fire, turne their faces, and retreate between the files 7 and 10. and thus fuccessively one after another you shall drawe foorth enery file of Shot, first on the right Hand, then on the left, till the service be accomplished, and thus much of the casting off the files.

There is yet an other Motion of the foote, which is worthy observation, and that is ope- of Opening and Cloating, ning and clofing of Rankes and Files: wherein isto be noted, as I have flewed in the Accidence, that Rankes when they open to any Order whatlocuer, ought, for the most part, to open downeward, by turning Faces about, and descending till they come to the distance commanded, and then to turne Faces as they mere, bue when they close to any Order, it must ever be done vpward, towards the Front. But the Files when they open

or close must enermore doe it to the right or left

Files opened or closed by the MiddleIf you give the word of Command plainely, and barely, without any implication, or addition thus, open your File to Open Order, fre. or to any other Order, then shall the two Middle Mento the two Flankes standing in the middest of the Front, open the one from the other according to the distance appointed, and their whole Files shall follow them in an even line; then the rest of the File-leader shall open from these Middle men, one halfe to the right hand, the other to the lest, till the whole Battalia bee opened, according to Commandment, 28 you may see by this example.

Files opened from the Middle-men.

The Front. 0000 TIII IIII IIII IIII 0000 0000 0000 0000 IIII IIII JIII IIII 0000 0000 The Rearc.

And

House Mori-

And as thus you open, (if the Word be given in one and the felfe fame manner:) fo likewife you must close your Files, the Middleman first joyning with their Files; thenafter all the seft of the File-leaders, with their files to both hands. till the Commandment be fulfilled.

But if the Word of Command bee given, or closed to Files to the right band open to open Order, de, or any hand, many Order elfe, then thall the right Hand File leader with his file, and to fuccessively ruery other File-leader (with their files) fall open ther the Right Hand Man, till the Command beperfited; and as thus you open, fo you must alloclose; and as you open or close to the right Hand, to you must open or close to the left Hand, when the Word of Command is given to: that purpose. which defire to learne those errors

Diverse other Motions there be belonging to Other Maithe Foote Companies, as the turning of Faces to either Hand, or about; the forme whereof is ex preft almost in every figure before shewed of Alfothe Charging roany Hand, to the Front, to the Reare, or to all at an inftant of which I hall have cause to speake more amply in an a other place : Therefore at this time, thefe als ready expressed, shall serve for the Motions of the Foor Company, man & and nioradw) yeb and 16

and the Short Poffell are taken away, and only the Long Pilled and Drogone in via) are contrnain Dicoring, Dif Dering, Charging, Who ling, and the tyring and all their are done either by whole nedicts, by Pares, or Dendents, by Marie Co.

mas thus parapon, (it the Word beginen

And manual to M CHAP. 3.

Of the fenerall Motions which belong conto Hunge, Or, Horfe Troopes.

Position 10 5

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les speaced.

He Motions of Horse are divers, according to the opinion of the Auntitents, and to these Moderne times also, as you may perceive by my Accidence,

wherein Thauefet you downe the feuerall words of command, belonging to every Motion of Herfe now in vie all which, are so neere a kinne to the Foote Motions, that I hold it needelesse to repeate them over here againe, but referre those which desire to learne those generals Motions, to the Accidence, and to those Motions of Foote which are already specified and set downe in this Grammer I will now proceed to those other Motions and Imbattaylings of Herfe, which being more difficult and strange, doth more amase the minde of the industrious Learner, and are harder attayned onto by Discourse, without some playarer Demonstration.

First therefore, the general Motions of Horse at this day (wherein the Launce, the Light Staffe, and the Short Pistoll are taken away, and onely the Long Pistoll and Dragoone in vse) are conteyned in Brooping, Disconering, Charging, Wheeling, and Retyring; and all these are done, eyther by whole Bodies, by Parts, or Denisions, by

many files, few files, or fingle files: And herein you are to call to minde (as I have shewed in the Assidence) that as the Rankes of Harfe are comnounded of vncertaine Numbers; fo the file must ener be constantly fixe Deepe, being compounded of a Leader, a Follower, two Middlemen, a Follower, and a Bringer up, or, the Reare Man, ac- File, cording to this demonstration. But to my purpose active, within your imm

- drawne ver the Bodie of John Leader of the said Panker, and housing evaluation of the control of the Prince of the Polloper of the Community of the Polloper of the Community of the Polloper of the Polloper

 - o Middle Man.
 - o Middle Man.
 - 1 Follower.
 - o Bringer vp.

Thus you see the Contents and forme of a Harfe file, from which certainty, and true knowne Ground, euery skilfull Commander may builde vpany Bodie that he pleaseth; whereas, if both Ranke and Fyle should be incertaine, and at pleafive, there would then be no Ground for any thing, but everything would be confused, according to the phantaftiquenesse of Opinion.

When you have therefore drawne your Horfe Drawing vp Troope into Rankes and Files, which you must of a Horsedoe file after file, till euerie Manbe placed accor- Troope, ding to true order, & not according to the fashio of our ignorant Commanders, whom I have heard (at the first gathering of a Bodie together)

An Horle

command the Menro Rankeithree, fine, feuen, or as fancie leades them, for this is most ablurde; and exproper, because Rankes are, and may be of encertaine Number; so that ranking at hap have and it is almost impossible that the files should fall outcuen, whose Number must not be changed; and so a new worke to begin, which at the first might better have bene finished.

But to my purpose againe; When you have drawne up the Bodie of the Horse in true Files and Rankes, and having cuerie Officer readie for his due Place, as Captaine, Linetenant, Cornet, Trumpets and Corporalls: You shall then (according to the Figure or Example following in the next Page) Troope into the Field, eyther for Sequice, or other Exercise.

When all wetherefore arrived your store powers to from Troopering a refer and Tricopering a refer and Tricopering to un all set to be a defile after fire, after the refer had be placed according to the foliation of the foliation and the set of the foliation of the foliation of the foliation of the foliation of the first gathering of a Bodie top there.

it Tranpe of an Handred Horfe; Trouping into In Ishe Bield, wirbsbeie Officere min

Captaine.

Corporal extranagant. h

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Lorentz.

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Corporal extrapagant. h h h h

· h b b b - 2 Corporal.

dedd a chor of I rooping in-Thosyon haue to the Field, with d id did so of a privat troop,

and how the yare desert I to four Devillons.

The Feth general hed oftend by the captaing the yo Lud on , bad hab a

consided Incov gelden Corons smanished burth, by the fecond

Cerporal

The Former Trope drawne vp into a firme body either for Seruice or Exercise with all the Officers.

Captaine.

Trumpet, Trumpet.

Cornes.

The Front.

bhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh Istraus

2 Corporall

hhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh

hhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh

Extraua.

4 Corporall Extrana,

hhhhhhhhhhhhhhh

The Reare.

The Lieutenant.

Thus you have feen the maner of Trooping into the Field, with althe Officers of a privat troop, and how they are devided into four Devisions. The first, or head, being lead by the Captaine; the second Division by the Cornet; the third, by the eldest Corporall; the fourth, by the second

Corporal

Corporall; the Reare or hindmost being brought up by the Lieutenant, the two yongest Corporalls are extrauagant, and ride up and downe on both sides, to see the whole Body keepe their true Order. The Trumpets (if their bee more then one) the Edest troopes upon the Head next after the Captaine, and the second troopeth in the Reare, two Rankes before the Lieutenant; if there bee three, the third soundeth before the Cornet.

Now for the drawing of this Troope into afirme Body, for Service, or Exercise, the Captaine hauing found convenient ground, maketh a stand with his Devision; and the Cornet bringeth vp his Denifion, on the left Hand the Captaines, placing himselfe upon the left File of his owne Deuision; then the eldest Corporall bringeth vp his Deuision on the left hand the Cornet, and as soone as they are joyned, hee departeth himselfe to the outside of the right Wing, to feethat true Order and Distance bee kept; then the second Corporall bringeth vp his Deuision on the left Hand the eldest Corporalls, and himfelfe departeth to the outfide of the left Wing, to fee that true Order and Distance be kept; For now all Corporalls are extrauagant; and all the Trumpers afcend to the head and Troope next behinde the Captaine, and before the Corners the elden Trumper raking the right hand, and so the rest according to antiquitie.

This Pody, or Square Battalia is of all other

The Benefite of the square Bodie.

and may the cashiest be reduced, and brought to any other forme, that Invention can finde out; and with this Body, you may cyther Charge entirely and wholy at once, or you may denide it, and Charge fundric waies, or else by drawing out two, or three, or more Fyles, skirmish on overy fide the Foote Battaile, and put them to much anoyance.

There is another forme of Imbattailing the Horse, which is called the Horseman Wedge, and it is drawney into the forme of this Figure, for

Example following in sunos bourd soiles

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a diend was no Deution, and the Corner being the biners of F. Hand the

Captaines, placing himselfeymon the left File of his owner Depths (morrad add. eldelt Corporall briskershyp his Depthson on the left field the

Cornet, and is foone Mary are formed, becoleparion from blie to the outfloo of the tree.

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tore the H . H td HITH THE Hand Hangshe

The Reare, and to and The Reare.

instrody, or Squere Land, is or all other

This Wedge, Charging poynt-wife your the Foote, feeken to differer and breakethe Front, whereby, getting an entrance, they put all into Route and confusion, which the Footemen perceiping, they have no meanes of lafety, but cy there by maine strength to repulse them, or else to devide their Body in the midshing two patts, and to give the Horse a free and thorow passages which foote Battaile so devided is called the Battails Aprissomus.

There is an other Battalia of Horse, which is called the Rhombe of Horse, and it is proportioned according to this Figure, and is of great vse,

having in cuery cornera-Leader.

The Rhombe.

The Flanke Commander.

The Captaint.

The Captaint.

The Dahha

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bahha

bahhabahha

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bah

The Flanke Commander.

This Horimans Rhombe was first found out in Thessalia, and thence brought in great practise, through the benefite thereof, being able to passe through, and to peirce any Foote Battaile whatbeuer; and is only to be opposed, by that Foote

Battalia which is called Menoides or Cressant, and in forme of an Halfe Moone, whose Winges being stretched out by the Leaders, the middle part is imbowed, and bent to inuyron and wrappe in the Horse Men as they Charge, and so put them to Route and Disorder, and therefore in this case are to keepe aloofe off, and not to come in, but to plye their Pistolls, till they see the Foote Battaile stagger, and fall into disorder:

Another Rhombe of fine Square.

The Front.

being and it only to be opposed, by that I oote

The Rearc.

A.

This

This Rhombo of fiue in Square, doth not Ranke, but onely Fileth, and is of equall vie with the former Rhombo, and is as necessarie for our Pifto-krs in these daies, as it was in times past for the Croschow Men, and other Archers, and Dars Castrus on Horse backe.

There is no Foote Battaile more excellent to oppose, then as that which is called of the Auntient Epicampies, Emprosthia, which as the Halfe Moone carrieth a circular hollownesse, so this carrieth as square hollownesse, as you may see in this Figure.

The Foote Battaile, Epicampios.

The Front.

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The Reare.

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The end or purpole, to which this foote Batralle is framed, is to beguile and our reach the Pifloleiri, cyther by inticing them into the voyd or emptie place of the Battalia, as they Charge in furie, and vpon the Spurre, or elfe, by difordering their Horses with their Winges, and so drive them into an witer consulton.

This Barralia makes shew but of a small number, because the Deuisions lie hid and couered, and so much apter to be mistaken; for, the Winges which are the least number, are only apparent to the eye, the Bodie (which is three times more) is hardly discerned; so that if the Winges preuaile, the Conquest is sure; if they faile, they may easily retire into the maine Bodie, and make

a powerfull refiftance.

There is another Horse Battaile, which is fquare in Figure, but not in Horse, being eleven in Ranke, and but fixe in file, which is called of the Auntients a Tetragenall Horse Battaile; this is a very firong Battaile, as all square Battailes are, and our Fore fathers did affect it much, and we at this day finde it of great vie for our Pilloleirs, both for the Arength, and the ready framing thereof, there is no Battaile on foote to opposeir, butthat which is called Embolos, orthe Wedge of Foore, which is framed of Foote Men, as the former Wedge was made of Horfe Men, all the outfides confifting of Armed Pikes, and the Lynings within of Shotte: Also the front of this Foote Wedge, confisteth of three Armed Pikes, as the Horse Wedge did confist of one fingle gle Armed Piffolier. Many other Motions and Imbattaylings of Horse there be, but none more vsefull then these already expressed; and he that is able to draw Horse and Man, into these formes and figures allreadic expressed, may without any difficultie or amazement, draw up any other Battaile at the first sight, be the Invention never so deepe, obscure, and curious.

it not amiffe, to they how the Accidents did

Coleured to cultate: Farabele Restores

Of the Severall Ranges of the Foote, and how they are Ordered, and Compounded.

Enerally, all Foote Battailes, or Pattailes of the Infantrie, are Rangedinto Rankes & Files ; now the Rankes are vncertaine, therefore from them no true Ground can be taken; but the Files are certaine, therefore from them must arise the Ground of well Ranging of Battailes, for these files are ordered into Bodies, and these Bodies haue every one a scuerall name, or denomination, by which the Anntients did diftinguish them; But we lesse curious, and finding that playner Demonstrations, and Names of lesse difficultie, were sooner apprehended, and conceived of the Ignorant Souldiers, have neglected those hard and vnacquainted Names, and have reduced H3 them

them to Termes of greater familiarity, and much leffe trouble and vexation to the memory: Yet because I know that Noueltie is pleafing vnto many; fome; defirous to know what they never intend to practife; others, willing to fatilfie their mindes, least Questions of this nature might be vnfeafonably brought vpon them; and others, for Argument sake, to fill vp Discourse, with those Knowledges which they imagine are obscured to others: For these Reasons, I thinke it not amisse, to shew how the Auntients did Range their Battailes, and what Names they gaue to their seuerall Numbers; and then, to shew our owne manner of Range, and the easy apprehension thereof, that being compared together, Judgement may foone finde out, which is most availeable.

And heerein, you must first understand, that the Auntients did range their Battailes into Files, every single file contayning in depth or number, sull sixteene Men, and so called a File; a Bodie compounded of two files, they termed a Dilochie, of two and thirty Men, and the Leader, or Captaine of those two and thirty Men, was called Dilochita; soure files, contayning threescore and soure Men, they called a Tetrarchy, and the Captaine or Leader thereof Tetrarcha; eight files, a Taxis, and the Captaine Taxiarcha; then is sixteene files, a Syntagma, and the Captaine thereof Syntagmatarcha, which indeed, is that Man which we call a Captaine in Chiefe, for every Syntagmatarcha had under him, sive Inferior Comman-

ders.

ders, that is to fay, a Reare Commander, which we call a Linetenant, an Enfigne, a Trumpeter, which in our foote Companies is the Drumbe, a Sergeant, and a Cryer, which we call a Corporall: Now two and thirty files (which is two Syntag. mas) they call a Pentecofiarchy, and contayneth five hundred and twelve Men, which with vs is called a Colonie or Regiment, and the Captaine thereof is called Pentecofiarcha, which we call a Colonell, now two of thefe Pentecofiarchies being a thousand and twenty foure Men; and three score and foure files, they call a Chiliarchy, and the Captaine thereof Chiliarsha, which indeed we call a Colonell Generall; two Chiliarchies amounting to two thousand and forty eight Men, they calla Merarchy, being a hundred and twenty eight files, and the Captaine Merarcha, which is with vsthe Sergeant Major Generall; two Merarchies they call a Phalangarchy, and the Captaine Phalangarcha, which is as much as the Mafter of our Ordnance: two Phalangarchyes they call a Diphalangarchy, and the Captaine Diphalangarcha, which is with vs as Linetenant Generall; and two Diphalangarshies make a foure fold Battaile of Phalange, confifting of a thousand and twenty foure files, and fixreene thousand three hundred and eighty foure Men, whose Captaine is the King, or his Generall.

Thus you have the Range of a Foote Battaile, according to the Custome of the Auncients, from the first file (which is the lowest) to the full extent of a Maine Battaile. It now resterb that I

thew you our Moderne or late manner of Range. by which all our Battailes are Compounded Governed, and Conducted; and in this Diferiotion, I must varry much from the Auntients, and begin a steppe lower in degree; but two stepps (at leaft) lower in number. And here I must have you first remember, that as the Auntients began with whole files of 16. in number fo I must now begin with halfe files, being but fine in number; for in this Range (of which now I write) no file mustexceede the number of 10, five then, which is the Roote or breinning of this Range, is called halfe a file, or halfe a Decurio, and the Leader or Can taine thereof is called Lanspesado, or Middle Man; Two halfe files make a whole file of ten, and the Leader or Captaine thereof is called Decurio, or the File Leader, derert her art bins , sille

Two whole files and a halfe, which is a 5. Men, we call a Squadron or Square of Men, being fine enery way, and the Leader or Captaine thereof is called the Corporall: Two Squadrons, being 50. Men, and fine files, is called a Sergeansie, and the Chiefe or Leader thereof is called a Sergeans.

Two Sergeancies being 100 Men, and ten files, is called a Centurie, and the Chiefe or Leader thereof, is called the Captaine, which Captaine hath under him 11. superordinary Men, that is to say, a Liuetenant, an Ensigne, a Drumbe, two Sergeants, foure Corporalls, a Surgion, and a Clarke.

Two Centuries and a halfe, being 250. Men, and 15. files, is called the fourth part of a Regiment, and the Chiefe or Leader thereof, is called the

Sergeans

Ingeant Maier of a Regiment, and hop and

Two fourth parts of a Regiment being 500. Men, and 30. files, is called halfe a Colonie or Regiment, and the Chiefe or Leader thereof, is called the linetenant Colonell.

Two halfe Colonies, being 1000. Men, is called a Colonie or Regiment, and the Chiefe or Leader thereof, is called a Colonell, which Colonell hath also under him in his Regiment (besides the Captaines and Officers before named) were that is called the Duster Maisler, whose Range is inferior to enery Ciptaine, but before enerie Linetenant, and the Officers that are vinder them; As for the Range of the Captaines which are vinder these three greater Officers, they shall take precedencie of Place, according to their Antiquirie in Comand, and the Eldest Captaines Collours shall Flie first, the Second next, and so of the rest; and the Colonies Linetenant shall take his Place as the Young-th Captaine of that Regiment.

Two Colonies or Regiments, is called a Bodie, or full Bastalia, confifting of 2000. Men, and the Chiefetaine or Leader thereof, is called Colonell General.

Two Battalias confishing of 4000. Men, is calkda Double Battalia, and the Chiefe or Leader thereof is called the Sergeant Major Generall.

Two double Bastalias, containing 8000. Men, is called a Vanguard, and the Chiefe or Leader bereof, is called the Lard Marfhall, Commanding the first third of the Battaile or Army.

Two Vantguards being 16000. Men, is called

the Reare, and the Chiefe or Leader thereof is called the Linetenant Generall.

Two Reares being 3 2000. Men, is called the Maine Battaile, and the Cheife or Leader thereof is called the King, or Generall, who hath affoliopreame Authorities over all the whole Armie, now great or puillant focuer.

Thus you have feene the true Range of Foote men, and their Leaders, according to their Numbers: It now reflects, that I flew you the me

Range of their Wespons.

In the Auntient Times the Light Armed (which were Bowmen, Darters, and Slingers) had the Panmard, and were the first beginners of Fight and Skyrmifh, for by their Darts and Arrowes, they prouoked the Enemie to breake their Rankes, and ouerthrew and killed many in their approaches, they galled and repulsed the Horse much, and indeede, were ever the first Authors of Victories and as thus they fometimes placed them in the Front, fo at other times, they had their places in the Flankes, and fometimes in the Reare; But the generall and most certaine Range which they held, was ever betwene the Armed Pikes: The first file of the Light Armed, behinde the first file of the Armed; the fecond file of the Light Armed, behind the fecond file of the Armed; and fo confequently, to leuie all the Armed Menne shrough the whole Battialias yet the file of the Light Armed, shall be but halfe the number of the Armed; and these Barrailes shall be drawne nto divers Devisions.

But this Range of Weapons agreeth not without Discipline at this day, for our Battailes confiting only of armed Pikes, Muskatiers, and a fewe hort weapons, they are raunged in this manner, then they march into the Field, they march Company after Company, fingle of themselves without any mixture : and in this march of fingle Companies, the Muskatiers are devided into two parts, the one part hath the Vanguard, the other whithe Reare, and the Pikes march in the midft; monthe head whereof is the Enfigne, and about ithe short weapons as Halberd, Partizans, or the lke, (if the Company haue any) when they are come into the Field, then is every Regiment dawn up into a Body by it felfe, whereof all the Pikes are drawne into an entire body by themflues, and the Short devided into two Bodies, whereof one halfe. Wingeth vp the right Hand of he Pikes, and the other halfe wingeth vp the left and of the Pikes. The Enfigues stand still on the and, or within a Ranke, and the fort weapons of execution about them for guard.

These Regiments are drawne into the Battaile, according to the pleasure of the Lord Marshall, or Sericant Major Generall. The Horsemen are the Wings which troope on each fide of the Battaile, keeping the distance of halfe a Furlong at least from either side of the Shot. The great Ordance, or Artilery are drawne from the two outmost poynts of the Battaile, a pretty distance from the Vantguard, and extend themselves wider and and wider fro the Battaile, being drawe at length

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in a fingle File, their Carriage, prouision, and Munisson being drawn neere vnto them, and the Regiment belonging to the Master of the Ordinance, following closse about them, as a sure Defence, wall, or guard. And thus you have the full Range of the Foote Battaile, and how it is disposed.

CHAP. 5.

Of the feneral Ranges of the Horfe, and how they are Ordered and Compounded.

He Horse-Troopes in the Ancient and first times had no one certaine Range, or place in the Battaile, but according to the humors and opinions of their

Generals, to they were altered and carried up and downe to feueral places of Commandment Listin an faith that in fome Battailes within his ownmemorie and knowledge, the Horse Troopes were Ranged after the light Armed, yet doth not confantly fland sponthe allowance of that Range; but faith, that although they were ranged after the Light-armed, yet other places might be more convenient, and this range might be aftered at the pleasure of the General, or vpon any necessary occalien, where Victories Good doubtfull: others of the Ancients, as at fometimes the Macedonians, now and then the Romans, but many times the Thebans & Theffalians have ranged their Troops of Horseinthe Reare of thearmed Battailes, and good facceffe bath many times issued thereof, & the Rangers of fuch Battailes have returned Victors: Others of the Auntients, and especially Alexander himselfe, Graterus, and most of the worthiest Macedoniaus, have tanged their Horse Battailes up on the right and lest Winges of the maine Armie, and indeed, these Places are most probable and best agreeing with our present Discipline.

To come then to the Range of the Horfe Battaile, as it is vied at this day, you must understand, that it varyeth source severall waics; two in the Range of the Marquebu-

feires or Dragoones.

The Curafeires have two fenerall Ranges, the one in ordinary trooping, the other in a formed Bassaile.

In an ordinary Troops where the whole Battaile mooueth, the first day, the Treepeand Regiment belonging to the Generall, trooperfi formet and hath the leading of the Poynt; After him, froopeth the Troope and Regiment of the Lord Marshall and after him, every Colonel, and his Regiment, according to his Antiquitie: The next day, the Lord Marfhall, and his Regiment, hath the leading of the Poynt or Paunt guard, and the Generall hath the Rears; the Eldeft Colonell succeederh the Lord Marshall, and so the rest of the Colonells, and their Regiments after him, according to Antiquitie: The third day, the Eldeft Colonell hath the Poynt or Vantguard, and the Lord Marshall hath the Reare after the Generall; and thus alternately every Colonell shall change his Place, & have the leading of the Poynt or Vauntquard, according to the feuerall daies of trooping (there being no intermission or stay of many dates betweene the feuerall remoones . And as thus the Chiefe and Superior Comanders doe remooue and alter their

Places, so shall the Inferior Commanders of eueric Regiment doe the like; the Colonell having the principall place the first day, the Linetenant Colonell the second day, the Sergeant Major the third day, and so euery Captaine after, according to his Antiquitie, in which order, no Commander looseth Dignitie, but hath his severall day of Glory, and as much preheminence as the Generall, or any other Commander,

whatfoever and own as

Now if it come to a formed Battaile, then the Ranges change, and the Regiments are drawne up into one whole and entire Bodie, in which drawing up of Regiments, this order is to be observed, that every perticular Troope shall duely keepe their two distances, that is to say, Open Order in their Rankes, and Close order in their Files; then betwixt Company and Company, in every Regiment, shall be the space of a s. soote, that thereby they may be the better distinguished, and the sooner drawne foorth, and imployed in any needefull place, as the Superior Commanders shall thinke good.

This Order and Distance being observed, Regiments are to be brought into maine Bodies, eyther Square, Long, Tryangular, or Dyamond, according to the nature of the ground, and the fashion of the Enemies Battaile, for therein is the advantage.

Now for the true Range, the Generall hath ever the Vauntguard, which is the right Wing of the Battaile, and the Lord Marshall hath the second Vauntguard, which is the Poynt of the left Wing of the Battaile; For here is to be understood, that when Battailes of Foote are drawne up and formed, then the Battaile of Horse is deuided, and extended forth

in length, acording to the number of the Regiments, which as Wings stretching themselves foorth from the two points of the right and lest hand battaile of Poot, are as a Wall or defense betwixt the Enemy & the Foot Army, being to Charge vpon all advantages, to defend the Ordnance & great Artillerie when it shalbe Assaulted or ingaged; or otherwise to keep the Carriage, Munition and baggage, from the pillage of the Enemy, or other descriptor.

Por the range of the Colonels they take their places according to Antiquity, the eldest Colonels secondeth the Generall' the third, the Lord Marriell, and so according to Antiquitie their Regiments doe troope, either on the one or the other hand, all things being ordered according to Dignitiy and

Antiquity.

Now whereas a question may be demanded touching the place of the *Quartermaster*, were he shall range himselfe; I thus resolue it. That if the *Quarter-master*, who is a necessary dependant upon every Horse Regiment, have no troope of Horse, as seldome or never they have, then his range or place is ever to troope with the Collonels Lieutemant, and the Commissary or Proposit of every Regiment with the Livetemant Collonels Livetemant, or otherwise (at his pleasure) extravagantly in any other inferior place of the Regiment.

Againe, here is to be noted in the generallitie of the Army where Horse and Poote are mixed together, or whensower they shall meet either in publicke Court or private Counsell, that the Commander of Horse hath priority of place before the Commander of Foot. And howsocuer some opinions would sway to the contrary, preferring Number before Vertue; yet it is most certaine, that in all Courts of Warre, the Horseman hath the first place, a Collonell of 500. Horse preceding a Collonell of 1000. Foot. A Captaine of 100. Horse takes place before a Captaine of 200. Foot, &c. Antiquity in

Autiquity in

this place being no let, but the Dignity carried according to the Honor of the Command, & the Nobility of the number.

Now next unto thele Curafheirs are the Harquebufheirs, who at this day, and in this present Discipline, stand for the Light Horle: thele likewise hauctwo severall Ranges, the one in their ordinary Trooping; and the other, when they come to be drawne up into ordinary or extraordinary Bodies: For the ordinarie Trooping, it is eyther when they Troope into the Fielde to receive Directions, or elfe troope forth as Vancerreers and Dicouerers of all Impediments that may happen to the Army, for these are they which Scower the Coast, and prenent Ambuscadoes, they make good Ryners, Bridges, and all straight Passages, and albe their trooping is loose and disbanded, holding no frickt or curious forme, eyther in Ranke or file, nor any certainety in Pace or Motion, but fometimes galloping, cometimes rrotting, & fornetimes standing still, (as danger or discourse shall glue way to their proceedings) yet doe they troope most commonly in Regiments, the Vauntguard being led eyther by the Calenell himselfe, or some other Officer in Chiefe, who being better acquainted with the places they goe to discouer, hath this Authority cast upon him, and Rangeth himlelfe in the Front, which is the greatch Place of eminence : As the Colonell or chiefe Officer thus taketh the First Place, fo the Linesenant Colonell taketh the Second, and so the rest of the Captaines succe succe sucly, according to their antiquity : Thefe are the ordinary Scoutes, Watchmen, and Sentinells, and if it be in Campe, their guard is ever without the Verge of the Campe, and if it be in a Walled Towne, Citty, or Garrison, their guard is without the walles of the Citty, and their Quarter in the Suburbes; there are Dependants on the Lord Mar [hall, and take directions from his Commands; and thus much for the Range of Horfemen.

place place belove a Capains of sea Poor, &c.